Chapter-1 Resources

• Summary:-

- i. Utility or usability is what makes an object or substance a resource.
- ii. Resources that are drawn from Nature and used without much modification are called natural resources.
- iii. Natural resources are classified into different groups depending upon their level of development and use; origin; stock; and distribution.
- iv. Actual resources are those resources whose quantity is known.
- v. Potential resources are those whose entire quantity may not be known and these are not being used at present.
- vi. Renewable resources are those which get renewed or replenished quickly.
- vii. Non-renewable resources are those which have a limited stock.
- viii. Using resources carefully and giving them time to get renewed is called resource conservation.
 - ix. Blancing the need to use resource and also conserve them for the future is called sustainable development.
- Answer the following question:-
- 1. Why are resources distributed unequally over the earth?
 Resources are distributed unequally over the earth because of the difference in the physical factors like terrain, climate, and altitude.
- 2. What is resource conservation?

Resource conservation means saving resources for the future and using it only enough quantity required for today. Using resources carefully and giving them time to get renewed is called resource conservation 3. Why are human resource important?

Human can make the best use of nature to create more resources when they have the knowledge, skill and the technology to do so. that's why human beings special resorce.

4. What is sustainable development?

Balancing the need to use resources and also conserve them for the future is called sustainable development.